GET THE FACTS

What is it?

1996 treaty that will prohibit all nuclear weapons tests and other nuclear explosions upon its entry into force

187 states havesigned treaty,178 states haveratified treaty

Administered by the **Preparatory** Commission for the Comprehensive Nuclear-Test-Ban Treaty Organization (CTBTO)

Why is it important?

Protects the public and environment from damaging effects of nuclear detonations

Nuclear weapons states (except North Korea) abide by a de facto test moratorium despite lack of entry into force of the Treaty Contains a robust verification regime for detecting nuclear explosions:

- International Monitoring System (IMS)
- International Data Centre (IDC)
- On-Site Inspections (OSI)

What should I know?

Entry into force requires 44 **"Annex 2" States** to sign and ratify the Treaty

Eight Annex 2 States remain:

- Five Egypt, Iran, Israel, China, and the United States have signed but not ratified the Treaty
- Three North Korea, India, and Pakistan have not signed or ratified the Treaty

On-Site Inspections can only be executed **after** the CTBT enters into force

IMS monitoring stations successfully **detected** North Korea's **six nuclear tests**



